***YEARLY OVERVIEW OF MATHS 2023-2024***

***Reception***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Autumn**Pupils will be taught to: | **Spring**Pupils will be taught to: | **Summer**Pupils will be taught to: |
| * Match pictures and objects
* Identify a set
* Sort objects to a type
* Explore and create sorting rules
* Compare amounts
* Compare size
* Compare mass
* Compare capacity
* Copy, continue and create simple patterns
* Find, subitise and represent 1, 2 and 3
* Find one more and one less
* Explore the composition of 1, 2 and 3
* Identify and name circles and triangles
* Explore shapes in the environment
* Describe position
* Find, subitise and represent 4 and 5
* Explore the composition of 1-5
* Identify, name & combine shapes with 4 sides
* Explore experience of time - day and night
 | * Find, subitise and represent 0-5
* Explore the composition of 0-5
* Compare mass
* Find a balance
* Explore and compare capacity
* Find, represent and explore the composition of 6, 7 and 8
* Make pairs – odd and even
* Find and make doubles to 8
* Combine two groups
* Subitise 0-8
* Explore and compare length
* Explore and compare height
* Order and sequence time
* Find, represent and explore the composition of 9 and 10
* Subitise 0-10
* Compare numbers to 10
* Find one more and one less
* Explore bonds to 10
* Find and make doubles to 10
* Explore odd and even
* Recognise and name 3-D shapes
* Find 2-D shapes within 3-D shapes
* Explore 3-D shapes in the environment
* Identify, copy and continue more complex patterns
* Explore patterns in the environment
 | * Build numbers and continue patterns beyond 10 (10-13)
* Build numbers and continue patterns beyond 10 (14-20)
* Count verbally beyond 20
* Add more
* Take away
* Select shapes for a purpose
* Rotate and manipulate shapes
* Explain shape arrangements
* Compose and decompose shapes
* Copy 2-D shape pictures
* Find 2-D shapes within 3-D shapes
* Explore sharing
* Explore grouping
* Build doubles
* Identify repeating patterns
* Explore and create pattern rules
* Replicate and build scenes and constructions
* Visualise from different positions
* Describe positions
* Give instructions to build
* Explore mapping
* Represent maps with models
* Create own maps from familiar places
* Create own maps and plans from story situations
 |

***Year 1***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Number - Number and Place Value**Pupils will be taught to: | **Addition and Subtraction**Pupils will be taught to: | **Multiplication and Division**Pupils will be taught to: |
| * count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
* count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of 2s, 5s and 10s
* given a number, identify 1 more and 1 less
* identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least
* read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words
 | * read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (−) and equals (=) signs
* represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20
* add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including 0
* solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = ? − 9
 | * solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher
 |
| **Fractions** Pupils will be taught to: | **Geometry - Properties of Shapes** Pupils will be taught to: | **Geometry - Position and Direction** Pupils will be taught to: |
| * recognise, find and name a half as 1 of 2 equal parts of an object, shape or quantity
* recognise, find and name a quarter as 1 of 4 equal parts of an object, shape or quantity
 | * recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including:
	+ 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]
	+ 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]
 | * describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns
 |
| **Measurement**Pupils will be taught to: |
| * compare, describe and solve practical problems for:
	+ lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half]
	+ mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]
	+ capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]
	+ time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later]
* measure and begin to record the following:
	+ lengths and heights
	+ mass/weight
	+ capacity and volume
	+ time (hours, minutes, seconds)
	+ recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes
	+ sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening]
* recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years
* tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times
 |

***YEAR 2***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Number – Number, Place Value and Counting**Pupils will be taught to: | **Addition and Subtraction**Pupils will be taught to: | **Multiplication and Division**Pupils will be taught to: |
| * To count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from zero; and count in tens from any number forwards and backwards.
* To recognise the place value of each digit in a two digit number (tens,ones).
* To identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line.
* To compare and order numbers from 0 to 100; use < > = signs.
* To read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and words.
* To use place value and number facts to solve problems.
 | * To solve problems with addition and subtraction: -using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures; -applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods.
* To recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100.
* To add and subtract using concrete objects, pictorial representations and mentally including: 2 digit number and ones, a 2 digit number and tens, 2 two digit numbers, adding three 1 digit numbers.
* To show that addition can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction cannot.
* To recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculation and missing number problems.
 | * To recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers.
* To calculate the mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using multiplication, division and equal signs.
* To recognise and use the inverse relationship between multiplication and division in calculations.
* To show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division for one number by another cannot.
* To solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods and multiplication and division facts, including problems in context.
 |
| **Fractions** Pupils will be taught to: | **Geometry - Properties of Shapes/Position and Direction** Pupils will be taught to: | **Statistics**Pupils will be taught to: |
| * To recognise, find, name and write fractions for a third, quarter, two quarters and three quarters.
* To write simple fractions for example 1/2 of 6 = 3
* Recognise the equivalence of two quarters and one half.
 | * To identify and describe the properties of 2D shapes, including the number of sides and symmetry in a vertical line.
* To identify and describe the properties of 3D shapes including the number of edges, vertices and faces.
* To identify 2D shapes on the surface of 3D shapes, for example a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid.
* To compare and sort common 2D and 3D shapes and everyday objects.
* To order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns.
* To use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three quarter turns (both clockwise and anticlockwise) and movement in a straight line.
 | * To interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables.
* To ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity.
* To ask and answer questions about totalling and compare categorical data.
 |
| **Measurement**Pupils will be taught to: |
|  * To compare and sequence intervals of time.
* To tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.
* To choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g), temperature (°C); volume and capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels.
* To compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using < > =
* To recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value.
* To find different combinations of coins to equal the same amount of money.
* To solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change.
 |

***YEAR 3***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Number - Number and Place Value**Pupils will be taught to: | **Addition and Subtraction**Pupils will be taught to: | **Multiplication and Division**Pupils will be taught to: |
| * count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number
* recognise the place value of each digit in a 3-digit number (100s, 10s, 1s)
* compare and order numbers up to 1,000
* identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
* read and write numbers up to 1,000 in numerals and in words
* solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas
 | Pupils should be taught to:* add and subtract numbers mentally, including:
	+ a three-digit number and 1s
	+ a three-digit number and 10s
	+ a three-digit number and 100s
* add and subtract numbers with up to 3 digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction
* estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers
* solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction.
 | * recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables
* write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods
* solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects
 |
| **Fractions** Pupils will be taught to: | **Geometry**Pupils will be taught to: | **Statistics**Pupils will be taught to: |
| * count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10
* recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
* recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
* recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators
* add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, 5/7+ 1/7= 6/7]
* compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators
* solve problems that involve all of the above
 | * draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them
* recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn
* identify right angles, recognise that 2 right angles make a half-turn, 3 make three-quarters of a turn and 4 a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle
* identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines
 | * interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables
* solve one-step and two-step questions [for example ‘How many more?’ and ‘How many fewer?’] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables
 |
| **Measurement**Pupils will be taught to: |
| * measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml)
* measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes
* add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts
* tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks
* estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o’clock, am/pm, morning, afternoon, noon and midnight
* know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year
* compare durations of events [for example, to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]
 |

***YEAR 4***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Number - Number and Place Value**Pupils will be taught to: | **Addition and Subtraction**Pupils will be taught to: | **Multiplication and Division**Pupils will be taught to: |
| * count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1,000
* find 1,000 more or less than a given number
* count backwards through 0 to include negative numbers
* recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (1,000s, 100s, 10s, and 1s)
* order and compare numbers beyond 1,000
* identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
* round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000
* solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers
* read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of 0 and place value
 | * add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate
* estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation
* solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
 | * recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12
* use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together 3 numbers
* recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations
* multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout
* solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two-digit numbers by 1 digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects
 |
| **Fractions** Pupils will be taught to: | **Geometry - Properties of Shapes** Pupils will be taught to: | **Statistics****Pupils will be taught to:**  |
| * recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions
* count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by 100 and dividing tenths by 10
* solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number
* add and subtract fractions with the same denominator
* recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundreds
* recognise and write decimal equivalents to 1/4, 1/2, 3/4
* find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths
* round decimals with 1 decimal place to the nearest whole number
* compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to 2 decimal places
* solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to 2 decimal places
 | **Position of shapes*** compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes
* identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to 2 right angles by size
* identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations
* complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry

 **Position and direction*** describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant
* describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down
* plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon
 | * interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs
* solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs
 |
| **Measurement**Pupils will be taught to: |
| * convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute]
* measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres
* find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares
* estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence
* read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks
* solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes, minutes to seconds, years to months, weeks to days.
 |

***YEAR 5***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Number - Number and Place Value**Pupils will be taught to: | **Addition and Subtraction**Pupils will be taught to: | **Multiplication and Division**Pupils will be taught to: |
| * read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1,000,000 and determine the value of each digit
* count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000
* interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through 0
* round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1,000, 10,000 and 100,000
* solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above
* read Roman numerals to 1,000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals
 | * add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)
* add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers
* use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
* solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
 | * identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of 2 numbers
* know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers
* establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
* multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
* multiply and divide numbers mentally, drawing upon known facts
* divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
* multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1,000
* recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (²) and cubed (³)
* solve problems involving multiplication and division, including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes
* solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
* solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates
 |
| **Fractions (Including decimals and percentages)** Pupils will be taught to: | **Geometry** Pupils will be taught to: | **Statistics** Pupils will be taught to: |
| * compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
* identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths
* recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, 2/5+ 4/5= 6/5= 1 1/5]
* add and subtract fractions with the same denominator, and denominators that are multiples of the same number
* multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams
* read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = 71/100]
* recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
* round decimals with 2 decimal places to the nearest whole number and to 1 decimal place
* read, write, order and compare numbers with up to 3 decimal places
* solve problems involving number up to 3 decimal places
* recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to ‘number of parts per 100’, and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal fraction
* solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of 1/2, 1/4, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25
 | **Properties of shapes*** identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations
* know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles
* draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°)
* identify:
	+ angles at a point and 1 whole turn (total 360°)
	+ angles at a point on a straight line and half a turn (total 180°)
	+ other multiples of 90°
	+ use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
	+ distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles

**Geometry: Positon and direction.*** Identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed.
 | * solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph
* complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables
 |
| **Measurement**Pupils will be taught to: |
| * convert between different units of metric measure [for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and

millilitre]* understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints
* measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres
* calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²), and estimate the area of irregular shapes
* estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water]
* solve problems involving converting between units of time
* use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling
 |

***Year 6***

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Number - Number and Place Value**Pupils will be taught to: | **Addition and Subtraction**Pupils will be taught to: | **Multiplication and Division**Pupils will be taught to: |
| * To read, write, order and compare numbers at least to 10,000.000 and determine the value of each digit.
* To round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy.
* To use negative numbers in context and calculate intervals across zero.
* To solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above.
 | * To perform mental calculation including with mixed operations and large numbers.
* To solve addition and subtraction multistep problems in contexts deciding which operations and methods to use and why.
* To use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy.
 | * To perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers.
* To identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers.
* To solve problems involving multiplication and division.
* To use estimation to check answers.
* To multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digit numbers by a 2 digit whole number using the efficient written method of long multiplication.
* To divide numbers, up to 4 digits, by a 2 digit whole number using the efficient written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions or by rounding, as appropriate for the context.
* To identify the value of each digit to three decimal places, and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 where the answers are up to 3 decimal places.
* To solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy.
* To use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the operations.
* To multiply one digit numbers with up to 2 decimal places by whole numbers.
* To use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to 2 decimal places.
 |
| **Fractions** Pupils will be taught to: | **Geometry - Properties of Shapes** Pupils will be taught to: | **Geometry - Position and Direction** Pupils will be taught to: |
| * To add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions.
* To associate a fraction with division to calculate decimal fraction equivalents (0.375) for a simple fraction 3/8.
* To multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form (1/4 ÷1/2 = 1/8)
* To divide proper fractions by whole numbers (1/3 ÷2 = 1/6)
* To solve problems involving the calculation of percentages of whole numbers or measures (such as 15% of 360) and the use of percentages for comparison.
* To recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts.
* To use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination.
* To compare and order fractions, including fractions >1
 | * To illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference.
* To recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles.
* To draw 2D shapes using given dimensions and angles.
* To compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes; and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilateral and regular polygons.
* To recognise, describe and build simple 3D shapes, including making nets.
 | * To describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants)
* To draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axis.
 |
| **Measurement**Pupils will be taught to: | **Algebra:****Pupils will be taught to:** | **Statistics:****Pupils will be taught to:** |
| * To solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to 3 decimal places where appropriate.
* To use, read, write and covert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit of measure, and vice versa using decimal natation to 3 decimal places.
* To convert between miles and kilometers.
* To recognise that shapes with the same area can have different perimeters and vice versa.
* To calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles.
* To recognise when it is necessary to use the formulae for area and volume of shapes.
* To calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids, using standard units, including cm cubed (cm³) and cubic meters (m³) and extending to others units such as mm³ and km³.
 | * To express missing number problems algebraically.
* To use simple formulae expressed in words.
* To find pairs of number that satisfies number sentences involving two unknowns.
* To enumerate all possibilities of combinations of two variables.
* To generate and describe linear number sequences.

  | * To interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs, and use these to solve problems.
* To calculate and interpret the mean as an average.
 |
| **Ratio and proportion*****Pupils will be taught:*** |
| * **To solve problems involving the relative size of two quantities, where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts.**
* **To solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples.**
* **To solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found.**
 |

***Updated by LO (September 2023)***